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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### 1. Identification

Product identifier: Claire Penetrating Gel Lubricant with PTFE - C-4736

Other means of identification

SDS number: RE1000029320

Recommended restrictions

Product use: Lubricant

Restrictions on use: Not known.

#### Manufacturer/Importer/Distributor Information

#### Manufacturer

Company Name: CLAIRE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Address: 1000 Integram Dr

Pacific, MO 63069

Telephone: Fax:

1-630-543-7600

Emergency telephone number: 1-866-836-8855

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

#### **Hazard Classification**

#### **Physical Hazards**

Flammable aerosol Category 1

**Health Hazards** 

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A Specific Target Organ Toxicity -Category 31.

Single Exposure

Specific Target Organ Toxicity -Category 2

Repeated Exposure

Aspiration Hazard Category 1

**Target Organs** 

Narcotic effect.

**Environmental Hazards** 

Acute hazards to the aquatic Category 3

environment

#### **Label Elements**

#### **Hazard Symbol:**



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Signal Word: Danger

**Hazard Statement:** Extremely flammable aerosol.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Harmful to aquatic life.

Precautionary Statements

**Prevention:** Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid release to the environment.

**Response:** IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye

irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF SWALLOWED:

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor Do NOT induce vomiting. Call

a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding

50°C/122°F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

**Disposal:** Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal

facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product

characteristics at time of disposal.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC):

None.

#### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical Identity	CAS number	Content in percent (%)*
2-Propanone	67-64-1	20 - <50%
Petrolatum	8009-03-8	10 - <20%
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	10 - <20%
Acetic acid, methyl ester	79-20-9	10 - <20%
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	5 - <10%



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Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	1 - <5%
Heptane	142-82-5	1 - <5%
Cyclohexane, methyl-	108-87-2	0.1 - <1%
Methanol	67-56-1	0.1 - <1%

<sup>\*</sup> All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

# 4. First-aid measures

**Ingestion:** Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Never

give liquid to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so

that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

**Inhalation:** Move to fresh air.

**Skin Contact:** Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get

medical advice/attention.

**Eye contact:** Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do,

remove contact lenses. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

**Symptoms:** No data available.

**Hazards:** No data available.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Treatment:** No data available.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

General Fire Hazards: Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fight fire from a

protected location. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without

risk.

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media:

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media:

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical:

Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash

back.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Special fire fighting

procedures:

No data available.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters:

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in

enclosed spaces, SCBA.



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# 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep upwind.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste.

**Notification Procedures:** 

Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do so without risk.

**Environmental Precautions:** 

Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid release to the environment.

# 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid contact with eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store locked up. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Aerosol Level 2

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control Parameters**

**Occupational Exposure Limits** 

<b>Chemical Identity</b>	Туре	Exposure Lin	nit Values	Source
2-Propanone	STEL	1,000 ppm	2,400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	PEL	1,000 ppm	2,400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	250 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2015)
	TWA	750 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	STEL	500 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2015)
	REL	250 ppm	590 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Petrolatum - Inhalable fraction.	TWA		5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (01 2010)
Petrolatum - Mist.	REL		5 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	STEL		10 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL		5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA		5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	REL		100 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light - Non- aerosol as total hydrocarbon vapor	TWA		200 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)



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	TWA		200 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
Acetic acid, methyl ester	REL	200 ppm	610 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	STEL	250 ppm	760 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	200 ppm	610 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	250 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA	200 ppm	610 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	STEL	250 ppm	760 mg/m3	US. ÓSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	200 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	PEL	100 ppm	400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03 2016)
	REL	100 ppm	400 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010)
	TWA	100 ppm	400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
Carbon dioxide	TWA	5,000 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	30,000 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	30,000 ppm	54,000 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	REL	5,000 ppm	9,000 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL		9,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	10,000 ppm	18,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	STEL	30,000 ppm	54,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
Heptane	TWA	400 ppm	1,600 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	REL	85 ppm	350 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	500 ppm	2,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	500 ppm	2,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	400 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2012)
	STEL	500 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2012)
	Ceil_Time	440 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Cyclohexane, methyl-	PEL	500 ppm	2,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	400 ppm	1,600 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	400 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	REL	400 ppm	1,600 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Methanol	REL	200 ppm	260 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	200 ppm	260 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	200 ppm	260 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	STEL	250 ppm	325 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	200 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	250 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	250 ppm	325 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
Benzene, methyl-	STEL	150 ppm	560 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	REL	100 ppm	375 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	100 ppm	375 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	Ceiling	300 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02



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	TWA	20 nnm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
		20 ppm		, , ,
	TWA	200 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	MAX. CONC	500 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	150 ppm	560 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Hexane	TWA	50 ppm	180 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	PEL	500 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	REL	50 ppm	180 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	50 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
Cyclohexane	TWA	100 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA	300 ppm	1,050 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	REL	300 ppm	1,050 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	300 ppm	1,050 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Benzene, ethyl-	STEL	125 ppm	545 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	REL	100 ppm	435 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	125 ppm	545 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	100 ppm	435 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	20 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)
Benzene	REL	0.1 ppm		US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	1 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	Ceiling	25 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	0.5 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	2.5 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	5 ppm		US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) (02 2006)
	OSHA_AC T	0.5 ppm		US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) (02 2006)
	TWA	10 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	MAX. CONC	50 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	5 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	1 ppm		US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) (02 2006)
	STEL	1 ppm		US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)

## **Biological Limit Values**

Chemical Identity	<b>Exposure Limit Values</b>	Source
2-Propanone (acetone: Sampling time: End of shift.)	25 mg/l (Urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2015)
Methanol (methanol: Sampling time: End of shift.)	15 mg/l (Urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
Benzene, methyl- (toluene: Sampling time: End of shift.)	0.03 mg/l (Urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
Benzene, methyl- (o-Cresol, with hydrolysis: Sampling time: End of shift.)	0.3 mg/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
Benzene, methyl- (toluene:	0.02 mg/l (Blood)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)



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Sampling time: Prior to last shift of work week.)		
Hexane (2,5-Hexanedion, without hydrolysis: Sampling time: End of shift.)	0.5 mg/l (Urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2018)
Benzene, ethyl- (Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid: Sampling time: End of shift.)	0.15 g/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (02 2014)
Benzene (S- Phenylmercapturic acid: Sampling time: End of shift.)	25 μg/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
Benzene (t,t-Muconic acid: Sampling time: End of shift.)	500 μg/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)

Appropriate Engineering

No data available.

Controls

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information: Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities. Good general

> ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable

level.

Eye/face protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

**Skin Protection** 

Hand Protection: No data available.

Other: Wear suitable protective clothing.

**Respiratory Protection:** In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from

local supervisor.

Hygiene measures: Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Avoid contact with eyes. When

using do not smoke.

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state: liquid

Form: Spray Aerosol Color: No data available. Odor: No data available. Odor threshold: No data available. pH: No data available. Melting point/freezing point: No data available. Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available. Flash Point: No data available. No data available. **Evaporation rate:** Flammability (solid, gas): No data available.

Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - upper (%): No data available.



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Flammability limit - lower (%):

Explosive limit - upper (%):

No data available.

No data available.

No data available.

Vapor pressure:

No data available.

Vapor density:No data available.Density:No data available.Relative density:No data available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility in water:

Solubility (other):

No data available.

No data available.

No data available.

No data available.

Auto-ignition temperature:No data available.Decomposition temperature:No data available.Viscosity:No data available.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity:** No data available.

**Chemical Stability:** Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions:

No data available.

**Conditions to avoid:** Avoid heat or contamination.

**Incompatible Materials:** No data available.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

Products:

No data available.

#### 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation:** No data available.

**Skin Contact:** No data available.

**Eye contact:** No data available.

**Ingestion:** No data available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Inhalation:** No data available.

**Skin Contact:** No data available.

**Eye contact:** No data available.

**Ingestion:** No data available.



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#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

Oral

**Product:** Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanone LD 50 (Rat): 5,800 mg/kg

Petrolatum LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Distillates (petroleum),

hydrotreated light

LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acetic acid, methyl ester LD 50 (Rat): 6,482 mg/kg

Naphtha (petroleum),

hydrotreated light

LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Heptane LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Cyclohexane, methyl- LD Lo (Rabbit): 4,000 - 4,500 mg/kg

Methanol ATE: 100 mg/kg

LD 50 (Rat): > 1,187 - 2,769 mg/kg

**Dermal** 

**Product:** ATEmix: 361,663.65 mg/kg

Inhalation

**Product:** ATEmix: 280.29 mg/l

Repeated dose toxicity

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanone NOAEL (Rat(Male), Oral, 13 Weeks): 10,000 ppm(m) Oral Experimental

result, Key study

Petrolatum LOAEL (Rat(Male), Oral, 13 Weeks): 125 mg/kg Oral Read-across from

supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 2 yr): 5,000 mg/kg Oral Experimental

result, Key study

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 2 yr): > 5,700 mg/kg Oral Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Supporting

study

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 90 d): 1.5 mg/kg Oral Read-across from



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supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 90 d): 1,500 mg/kg Oral Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate). Key study

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): >= 24 mg/m3 Inhalation

Experimental result, Key study

NOAEL (Rat(Female), Oral, 70 - 147 d): 750 mg/kg Oral Experimental result,

Key study

Acetic acid, methyl ester NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, 28 d): 350 ppm(m) Inhalation

Experimental result, Key study

LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, 28 d): 2,000 ppm(m) Inhalation

Experimental result, Key study

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 13 Weeks): 1,250 mg/kg Oral Readacross based on grouping of substances (category approach), Key study

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Dermal, 28 d): > 375 mg/kg Dermal

Experimental result, Supporting study

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 10,000 mg/m3 Inhalation

Experimental result, Key study

Heptane NOAEL (Rat(Male), Inhalation): 12,470 mg/m3 Inhalation Experimental

result, Key study

Cyclohexane, methyl- NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 1,600 mg/m3 Inhalation

Experimental result, Key study

LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 28 d): 1,000 mg/kg Oral Experimental

result, Key study

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 28 d): 250 mg/kg Oral Experimental

result, Key study

Methanol LOAEL (Rat(Male), Inhalation, 1 - 6 Weeks): 13.3 mg/l Inhalation

Experimental result, Supporting study

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanone in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Supporting study

Petrolatum in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Read-across from supporting substance

(structural analogue or surrogate), Key study

in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Read-across from supporting substance

(structural analogue or surrogate), Key study

Distillates (petroleum),

hydrotreated light

in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study

Acetic acid, methyl

ester

in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study

Heptane in vivo (Rabbit): Irritating Read-across based on grouping of substances

(category approach), Key study

Methanol in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanone Irritating.

Rabbit, 24 hrs: Minimum grade of severe eye irritant

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Petrolatum Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating

> Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating

Distillates (petroleum),

hydrotreated light

Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating

Acetic acid, methyl

ester

Rabbit: Irritating

Naphtha (petroleum),

hydrotreated light

Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating

Heptane Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating

Cyclohexane, methyl-Rabbit, 0.5 - 168 hrs: Not irritating

#### Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanone Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising Petrolatum Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Naphtha (petroleum),

Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

hydrotreated light

Heptane

Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising Cyclohexane, methyl-Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising Methanol Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

Carcinogenicity

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Cyclohexane, methyl-May cause cancer.

#### IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

No carcinogenic components identified

#### **US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:**

No carcinogenic components identified

#### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):

No carcinogenic components identified

#### **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

In vitro

Product: No data available.

In vivo

Product: No data available.

Reproductive toxicity

**Product:** No data available.



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# **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanone Inhalation - vapor: Narcotic effect. - Category 3 with narcotic effects.

Heptane Narcotic effect. - Category 3 with narcotic effects.

Cyclohexane, methyl- Inhalation - vapor: Narcotic effect. - Category 3 with narcotic effects.

Methanol Causes damage to organs.

#### **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Cyclohexane, methyl- Category 1

**Target Organs** 

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure: Narcotic effect.

**Aspiration Hazard** 

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum),

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

hydrotreated light

Naphtha (petroleum),

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

hydrotreated light

Heptane Cyclohexane, methylMay be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other effects: No data available.

#### 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity:**

## Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanone LC 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): 5,540 mg/l Experimental result, Key

study

Petrolatum LL 50 (Pimephales promelas, 96 h): > 100 mg/l Read-across from

supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study NOAEL (Pimephales promelas, 96 h): >= 100 mg/l Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study

LL 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): > 1,000 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Supporting

study

Acetic acid, methyl ester LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h): 295 - 348 mg/l

Mortality

LC 50 (Danio rerio, 48 h): 250 - 350 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Naphtha (petroleum),

hydrotreated light

LC 50 (96 h): 8.41 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

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Heptane LC 50 (Mozambique tilapia (Tilapia mossambica), 96 h): 375 mg/l Mortality

Cyclohexane, methyl-LC 50 (Oryzias latipes, 96 h): 2.07 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Methanol EC 50 (Lepomis macrochirus, 96 h): 12,700 mg/l Experimental result, Key

study

**Aquatic Invertebrates** 

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanone LC 50 (Daphnia pulex, 48 h): 8,800 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Petrolatum NOAEL (Daphnia magna, 48 h): >= 10,000 mg/l Read-across from

supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study

LL 50 (Gammarus pulex, 96 h): > 10,000 mg/l Read-across from supporting

substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study

EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): > 10,000 mg/l Read-across from supporting

substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study

LL 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): > 1,000 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Supporting study LL 50 (Gammarus pulex, 24 h): > 10,000 mg/l Read-across from supporting

substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study

EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 1,026.7 mg/l Experimental result, Key study Acetic acid, methyl ester

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 4.5 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Heptane EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 1.5 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 96 h): 18,260 mg/l Experimental result, Key study Methanol

#### Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Petrolatum NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss): >= 1,000 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Supporting

LL 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss): > 1,000 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Supporting study

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss): 0.098 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

EC 50 (Daphnia magna): 10 mg/l Other, Key study NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 2.6 mg/l Other, Key study

NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss): 1.284 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study Heptane

Methanol EC 50 (Oryzias latipes): 9,164 mg/l Experimental result, Supporting study

**Aquatic Invertebrates** 

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanone LOAEL (Daphnia magna): 2,212 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 2,212 mg/l Experimental result, Key study



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NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 10 mg/l Read-across from supporting substance Petrolatum

(structural analogue or surrogate), Key study

NOAEL (Daphnia magna): >= 1,000 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Supporting study

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

EC 50 (Daphnia magna): 10 mg/l Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 2.6 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 0.17 mg/l Read-across based on grouping of Heptane

substances (category approach), Key study

EC 50 (Daphnia magna): 0.23 mg/l Read-across based on grouping of

substances (category approach), Key study

Methanol NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 122 mg/l Experimental result, Supporting study

**Toxicity to Aquatic Plants** 

**Product:** No data available.

Persistence and Degradability

**Biodegradation** 

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanone 90.9 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

Petrolatum 31 % (28 d) Detected in water. Read-across from supporting substance

(structural analogue or surrogate), Supporting study

Distillates (petroleum),

hydrotreated light

61 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Supporting study

Acetic acid, methyl ester 70 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

Naphtha (petroleum),

hydrotreated light

90.35 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Supporting study

70 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study Heptane

Cyclohexane, methyl-> 0 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Weight of Evidence

study

> 0 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Weight of Evidence

study

Methanol 97 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

**BOD/COD Ratio** 

Product: No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)** 

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanone Haddock, adult, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 0.69 Aquatic sediment

Experimental result, Not specified

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 10 - 2,500 Aquatic sediment Estimated by Naphtha (petroleum),

hydrotreated light calculation, Key study



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Heptane Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 552 Aquatic sediment Estimated by

calculation, Key study

Cyclohexane, methyl- Cyprinus carpio, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): > 95 - < 321 Aquatic

sediment Experimental result, Key study

Methanol Leuciscus idus, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): < 10 Aquatic sediment

Experimental result, Supporting study

Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum), Log Kow: > 2.4 - < 5.7 23 °C Yes Experimental result, Key study hydrotreated light Log Kow: 2.2 - 5.2 23 °C Yes Experimental result, Key study

Log Kow: 2.2 - 6.1 23 °C Yes Experimental result, Key study

Mobility in soil: No data available.

Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments

2-Propanone No data available.
Petrolatum No data available.
Distillates (petroleum), No data available.

hydrotreated light

Acetic acid, methyl ester No data available. Naphtha (petroleum), No data available.

hydrotreated light

Carbon dioxide
Heptane
Cyclohexane, methylMethanol
No data available.
No data available.
No data available.
No data available.

Other adverse effects: Harmful to aquatic organisms.

13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions:** Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local

laws.

**Contaminated Packaging:** No data available.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN Number: UN 1950

UN Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Class: 2.1
Label(s): Packing Group: II
Marine Pollutant: No

Environmental Hazards: No Marine Pollutant No

Special precautions for user: Not regulated.



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**IMDG** 

UN Number: UN 1950

UN Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Class: 2 Label(s): – EmS No.:

Packing Group: -

Environmental Hazards: No Marine Pollutant No

Special precautions for user: Not regulated.

**IATA** 

UN Number: UN 1950

Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable

Transport Hazard Class(es):

Class: 2.1
Label(s): Packing Group: -

Environmental Hazards: No Marine Pollutant No

Special precautions for user: Not regulated.

#### 15. Regulatory information

#### **US Federal Regulations**

Restrictions on use: Not known.

# TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D) US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Chemical Identity OSHA hazard(s)

Benzene Flammability

Cancer Aspiration Eye Blood Skin

respiratory tract irritation Central nervous system

#### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

Chemical Identity	Reportable quantity
2-Propanone	lbs. 5000
Acetic acid, methyl ester	lbs. 100
Heptane	lbs. 100
Cyclohexane, methyl-	lbs. 100
Methanol	lbs. 5000
Benzene, methyl-	lbs. 1000
Hexane	lbs. 5000
Cyclohexane	lbs. 1000



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Benzene, ethyl- lbs. 1000 Benzene lbs. 10

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

#### **Hazard categories**

Fire Hazard

Immediate (Acute) Health Hazards Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard

Flammable aerosol

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Aspiration Hazard

# SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

# **Reportable**

<u>Chemical Identity</u> <u>quantity</u> <u>Threshold Planning Quantity</u> 2-Propanone

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light Acetic acid, methyl ester

Hexane

# SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification

Chemical Identity	Reportable quantity
2-Propanone	lbs. 5000
Distillates (petroleum),	
hydrotreated light	
Acetic acid, methyl ester	lbs. 100
Heptane	lbs. 100
Cyclohexane, methyl-	lbs. 100
Methanol	lbs. 5000
Benzene, methyl-	lbs. 1000
Hexane	lbs. 5000
Cyclohexane	lbs. 1000
Benzene, ethyl-	lbs. 1000
Benzene	lbs. 10

#### SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

Chemical Identity	Threshold Planning Quantity
2-Propanone	10000 lbs
Petrolatum	10000 lbs
Distillates (petroleum),	10000 lbs
hydrotreated light	
Acetic acid, methyl ester	10000 lbs
Naphtha (petroleum),	10000 lbs
hydrotreated light	
Carbon dioxide	10000 lbs
Heptane	10000 lbs
Cyclohexane, methyl-	10000 lbs
Methanol	10000 lbs
Benzene, methyl-	10000 lbs
Hexane	10000 lbs
Cyclohexane	10000 lbs
Benzene, ethyl-	10000 lbs
Benzene	10000 lbs
0.15.4.6.45.15.15.15.15.15.15.15.15.15.15.15.15.15	

#### SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.



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# Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130): Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3) US State Regulations

#### **US. California Proposition 65**

This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Methanol Developmental toxin. 03 2012
Benzene, methyl- Developmental toxin. 03 2008
Hexane Male reproductive toxin. 12 2017

Benzene, ethylBenzene
Carcinogenic. 05 2011
Developmental toxin. 03 2008

Benzene Carcinogenic. 05 2011

Benzene Male reproductive toxin. 03 2008

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

#### **Chemical Identity**

2-Propanone Petrolatum

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Acetic acid, methyl ester

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Carbon dioxide

Heptane

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

No ingredient regulated by MA Right-to-Know Law present.

# US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

#### **Chemical Identity**

2-Propanone

Petrolatum

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Acetic acid, methyl ester

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Carbon dioxide

Heptane

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

No ingredient regulated by RI Right-to-Know Law present.

#### International regulations

#### Montreal protocol

2-Propanone
Distillates (petroleum),
hydrotreated light
Acetic acid, methyl ester

#### Stockholm convention

2-Propanone -Distillates (petroleum), -hydrotreated light
Acetic acid, methyl ester --

#### **Rotterdam convention**



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# **Kyoto protocol**



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**Inventory Status:** 

Australia AICS: On or in compliance with the inventory

Canada DSL Inventory List:

On or in compliance with the inventory

EINECS, ELINCS or NLP: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Japan (ENCS) List: Not in compliance with the inventory.

China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI): Not in compliance with the inventory.

Canada NDSL Inventory: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Philippines PICCS: On or in compliance with the inventory

US TSCA Inventory: On or in compliance with the inventory

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: On or in compliance with the inventory

Japan ISHL Listing: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Mexico INSQ: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Ontario Inventory: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory: On or in compliance with the inventory

#### 16.Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

**Issue Date:** 01/03/2020

**Revision Information:** No data available.

Version #: 1.0

Further Information: No data available.

**Disclaimer:** This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to

be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.