

Safety Data Sheet

Drug Buster Drug Disposal System

Section 1. Identification

Product Identifier

Synonyms

Manufacturer Stock

Numbers

Drug Buster Drug Disposal System

OTC3204; OTC3200; OTC3210; OTC3230; MSD_SDS0138

OTC3230; OTC3200; OTC3210; OTC3204

Recommended use

Uses advised against

N.D.

Manufacturer Contact
Address

Medline Industries, Inc.

Drug disposal system.

3 Lakes Drive

Northfield, IL, 60093

USA

Phone

Emergency Phone

(800) 424-9300

CHEMTREC

Fax

(847) 643-4436

Website

www.Medline.com

(800) 633-5463

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Classification

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE /EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Signal Word Pictogram

Warning



Hazard Statements Causes serious eye irritation

Causes skin irritation

Precautionary Statements

Response If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap, water

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Prevention Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Wear eye protection, protective gloves.

Storage N/A
Disposal N/A

Ingredients of unknown

toxicity

0%

Hazards not Otherwise Classified

N.A.

Section 3. Ingredients

CAS	Ingredient Name	Weight %
7440-44-0	Activated Carbon	3% - 7%
64-19-7	Acetic acid	1% - 5%
110-97-4	Diisopropanolamine	0.5% - 1.5%
26027-38-3	Nonoxynol-9	0.1% - 1%
27323-41-7	Triethanolamine dodecylbenzene sulfonate	< 0.1 %

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-Aid Measures

First-Aid Measures Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell,

General: seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: Assure fresh air breathing. Allow the victim to rest.

Skin contact: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before

reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye contact: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

Most important symptoms Symptoms/injuries after skin contact:

and effects, both acute and Causes skin irritation.

delayed:

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact:

Causes serious eye irritation.

Indication of Any Immediate Treat symptomatically.

Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed:

Additional Information

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing

Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Media

Unsuitable Extinguishing

Do not use a heavy water stream.

Media

Special hazards arising

Reactivity:

from the substance or

Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use.

mixture:

Advice for firefighters: Firefighting Instructions:

Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when

fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering

environment.

Protection during firefighting:

Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including

respiratory protection.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

For Non-Emergency Emergency Procedures:

Personnel: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Protective Equipment:

Responders: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures:

Ventilate area.

Environmental Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters

Precautions: sewers or public waters.

Methods and Materials for Methods for Cleaning Up:

Containment and Cleaning Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon

up: as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

Reference to other

sections:

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before

Handling: eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in

process area to prevent formation of vapor.

Hygiene Measures: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Storage conditions:

Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from: Strong acids, strong bases and oxidation agents. Keep container closed when

not in use.

Incompatible products:
Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials:

Direct sunlight.

Storage temperature:

5 - 32 °C

Specific End use(s): No additional information available.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Occupational Exposure

Limits

Ingredient Name ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL STEL

Activated Carbon	N/A	N/A	N/A
Acetic acid	N/A	N/A	N/A
Diisopropanolamine	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nonoxynol-9	N/A	N/A	N/A
Triethanolamine dodecylbenzene sulfonate	N/A	N/A	N/A

Personal Protective

Equipment

Goggles, Gloves

Appropriate Engineering

Controls:

Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Personal Protective

Equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: Wear appropriate mask.

Other information: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Liquid
Transparent
gray to light
blue
Characteristic
of acetic acid
N.D.
Miscible
N.D.
N/A

Viscosity	6.2
Specific Gravity	1.01
Density Ibs/Gal	N/A
Pounds per Cubic Foot	N/A
Flash Point	> 212° F
FP Method	Closed cup
рН	4.5-5.5
Melting Point	N.A.
Boiling Point	212° F
Boiling Range	N.E.
LEL	N/A
UEL	N/A
Evaporation Rate	< 1
Flammability	N.E. Does not support combustion
Decomposition Temperature	> 300
Auto-ignition Temperature	400° C
Vapor Pressure	N.D.
Vapor Density	N.D.

Explosive Properties: Not expected to be a fire/explosion hazard under normal conditions of use.

Oxidizing Properties: Not classified as oxidizing.

Explosive Limits: No data available

Other information: No additional information available.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use.

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous

Reactions:

None under normal use.

Conditions to avoid: Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases.

Hazardous Decomposition Fumes. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

Products:

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Information on toxicological Acute toxicity: Not classified effects:

Diisopropanolamine (CAS No. 110-97-4) LD50 oral rat: 4765 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 dermal rat: 16000 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 dermal rabbit: 8000 mg/kg (Rabbit) ATE US (oral): 4765.000 mg/kg body weight ATE US (dermal): 8000.000 mg/kg body weight Nonoxynol-9 (CAS No. 26027-38-3)

LD50 oral rat: 2780 mg/kg

ATE US (oral): 2780.000 mg/kg body weight

Acetic acid (CAS No. 64-19-7)

LD50 oral rat: 3310 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Other; Read-across)

ATE US (oral): 3310.000 mg/kg body weight

Triethanolamine dodecylbenzene sulfonate (CAS No. 27323-41-7)

LD50 oral rat: 325 mg/kg based on similar product

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation.

pH: 4.5 - 5.5

Serious eye Causes serious eye irritation.

damage/irritation: pH: 4.5 - 5.5
Respiratory/Skin Not classified.

Sensitization: Respiratory sensitization - Not classified

Skin sensitization - Not a skin sensitizer

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified.
Carcinogenicity: Not classified.
Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified.

Specific Target Organ
Toxicity - Single Exposure:

Not classified.

Specific Target Organ

Not classified.

Toxicity - Repeated

Exposure:

Aspiration hazard: Not classified.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Toxicity: Diisopropanolamine (CAS No. 110-97-4)

LC50 fish 1: 1000 - 2200 mg/l (96 h; Brachydanio rerio; pH > 7)

LC50 other aquatic organisms 1: 100 - 1000 mg/l (48 h; Xenopus laevis)

EC50 Daphnia 1: 353.8 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna) LC50 fish 2: 1100 mg/l (24 h; Carassius auratus) LC50 other aquatic organisms 2: 410 mg/l

EC50 Daphnia 2: 277.7 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)

Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1: 100 - 1000,48 h; Xenopus laevis

Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 2: 410 mg/l

Threshold limit algae 1: 270 mg/l (72 h; Scenedesmus subspicatus)

Nonoxynol-9 (CAS No. 26027-38-3)

LC50 fish 1: > 10 mg/l Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)

EC50 Daphnia 1: 6.6 mg/l

Acetic acid (CAS No. 64-19-7)

LC50 fish 1: 75 mg/l (96 h; Lepomis macrochirus; GLP)

EC50 Daphnia 1: 47 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna; Not neutralized)

LC50 fish 2: 94 mg/l (96 h; Oryzias latipes)

EC50 Daphnia 2: 95 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna; Static system)

TLM fish 1: 100 ppm (96 h; Carassius auratus)

Threshold limit algae 1: 90 mg/l (192 h; Microcystis aeruginosa; Neutralized) Threshold limit algae 2: 4000 mg/l (192 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda;

Neutralized)

Persistence and degradability:

Drug Buster Drug Disposal System

Persistence and degradability: Not established.

Diisopropanolamine (CAS No. 110-97-4)

Persistence and degradability: Not readily biodegradable.

Acetic acid (CAS No. 64-19-7)

Persistence and degradability: Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable

in the soil. Highly mobile in soil.

Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD): 0.6 - 0.74 g O₂/g substance

Chemical oxygen demand (COD): 1.03 g O₂/g substance

ThOD: 1.07 g O₂/g substance

Bioaccumulative potential: Drug Buster Drug Disposal System:

Bioaccumulative potential: Not established.

Diisopropanolamine (CAS No. 110-97-4)

Log Pow: -0.79

Bioaccumulative potential: Not applicable.

Acetic acid (CAS No. 64-19-7) BCF fish 1: 3.16 (Pisces)

Log Pow: -0.17 (Experimental value; 25 °C)

Bioaccumulative potential: Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

Mobility in soil:

Acetic acid (CAS No. 64-19-7) Surface tension: 0.028 N/m (20 °C)

Ecology - soil: May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.

Section 13. Disposal

Waste Treatment Methods: Waste disposal recommendations:

Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

Ecology - waste materials: Avoid release to the environment.

Section 14. Transport Information

UN Number N/A

UN Proper Shipping Name Not Regulated DOT Classification Not Regulated **Packing Group** Not Regulated

DOT: Not regulated for transport. IATA: Not regulated for transport. IMDG: Not regulated for transport.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

SARA 311/312: Refer to Section 2 of the SDS.

SARA 302: N.A. SARA 304: N.A. **SARA 313:** N.A.

TSCA: All components are listed or exempt.

CERCLA Hazardous Acetic Acid

Substance List: Triethanolamine dodecylbenzene sulfonate

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section N.A.

112, 112 (r):

State Regulations: New Jersey Dept. Of Health RTK:

Acetic Acid

Triethanolamine dodecylbenzene sulfonate

Pennsylvania RTK:

Acetic Acid

Diisopropanolamine

Triethanolamine dodecylbenzene sulfonate

Rhode Island RTK: **Activated Carbon** Acetic Acid

Massachusetts RTK:

Acetic Acid

Triethanolamine dodecylbenzene sulfonate

Section 16. Other Information

Revision Date 3/25/2019

N.A. - Not Applicable Legend

> N.E. - Not Established N.D. - Not Determined

National Fire Protection 2 Association (U.S.A): Health

Hazard

National Fire Protection 0 Association (U.S.A): Fire

Hazard

National Fire Protection 0

Association (U.S.A):

Reactivity

HMIS (U.S.A.): Health 2 HMIS (U.S.A.): Flammability 0 HMIS (U.S.A.): Physical

Hazard

HMIS (U.S.A.): Personal В

Protection

Additional Information

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