



**Infectious Mononucleosis Test Cassette
Material Safety Data Sheet**

Conforms to regulation 29 CFR 1910.1200

Reorder No: 5012
Issue Date: 2015-01

1. Identification of the substance / preparation and of the company / undertaking

1.1. Use of the Substance / Preparation

CONSULT® Diagnostics Infectious Mononucleosis Test Cassette qualitatively detects infectious mononucleosis antibodies in human whole blood, serum or plasma specimens. *FOR IN VITRO DIAGNOSTIC USE.*

1.2. Company / undertaking Identification

Contract Manufactured Supplier:	Marketed By:
Inverness Medical Innovations	McKesson Medical Surgical Inc.
North America	8741 Landmark Road
9975 Summers Ridge Road	Richmond, VA 23228
San Diego, CA 92121	

1.3. Emergency Telephone: 800-222-1222 (Poison Control) or your local physician. For technical assistance, call Technical Service (877) 441-7440.

2. Hazardous Ingredient/Identity Information

Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Identity)	Common Name(s)	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TVL	Other Limits Recommended	% (Optional)
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Nitrocellulose membrane (<0.5mg) test strips containing the following dried chemical materials: sodium azide, sodium phosphate, dibasic and monobasic, sodium chloride, potassium chloride, potassium phosphate, monobasic EDTA, bovine serum albumin, and colloidal gold.

3. Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Boiling Point	Not Applicable	Specific Gravity (H2O = 1)	Not Applicable
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	Not Applicable	Melting Point	Not Applicable
Vapor Density (Air = 1)	Not Applicable	Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	Not Applicable
Solubility in Water		pH	
Test strip may release minute amounts of the chemicals listed above in section II upon reconstitution in water			
Nitrocellulose membrane is not soluble in water.			
Appearance and Odor	Test strip in a pouch. Odorless.		

4. Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point (Method Used)	N/A	Flammable Limits	N/A	LEL	N/A	UEL	N/A
Extinguishing Media	Water, dry chemical or carbon dioxide type extinguishers. Water is most effective fire-extinguishing medium.						
Special Fire Fighting Procedure	None						
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards	None						

5. Reactivity Data

Stability	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid	Not Applicable
	Stable	X		
<i>Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid)</i>			None	
<i>Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts</i>			None	
Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur		Conditions to Avoid	Not Applicable
	Will Not Occur	X		

6. Health Hazard Data

Route(s) of Entry	Inhalation?	Skin	Eyes?	Ingestion?
	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic)				
Reagents can be toxic and irritant				
Carcinogenicity:	NTP?	IARC Monographs	OSHA Regulated?	
Unknown				
Signs and Symptoms of Exposure				
Not Known				
Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure				
Eye and skin hypersensitivity to reagents				
Emergency and First Aid Procedures				
Skin: Wash affected area with soap and copious amounts of water Eyes – flush with copious amounts of water. Ingestion: rinse mouth with water, contact physician or poison control .				

7. Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps to Be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled
Reagent and Controls: Biohazard material precautions would apply. Treat affected area with a germicidal agent.
Waste Disposal Method
After use, treat as biohazardous material and dispose of in compliance with current local, state and federal regulations.
Precautions to Be Taken in Handling and Storing
Store at 2 – 30 C in original sealed pouch. Do not Freeze.
Other Precautions:
Keep away from heat, sparks, or open flame.

8. Control Measures

Respiratory Protection (<i>Specity Type</i>)	Not Applicable		
Ventilation	Local Exhaust	Not Applicable	Special Not Applicable
	Mechanical (<i>General</i>)	Not Applicable	Other Not Applicable
Protective Gloves	Recommended	Eye Protection	Recommended
Other Protective Clothing or Equipment	Lab Coat		
Work/Hygienic Practices	Follow good Laboratory practices.		